I 次の問の［ ］に入れるのに最も適当な語または語句を，それぞれ文の下に示した（1）～（4） のうちから一つずつ選へ。

1．It was so cold that many animals were frozen［ ］death．
（1）to
（2）for
（3）at
（4）on

2．The question will soon be［ ］discussion．
（1）under
（2）among
（3）with
（4）during

3．One more step，［ ］I would have fallen off the cliff．
（1）so
（2）and
（3）therefore
（4）unless

4．］my records were imported from Germany．
（1）Almost
（2）Most
（3）Most all
（4）Almost all

5．John is［ ］of your new car．
（1）anxious
（2）envious
（3）hoping
（4）wanting

6．I don＇t have the［ ］idea of the result．
（1）biggest
（2）smallest
（3）faintest
（4）most

7．It will be［
］autumn when you get to London．
（1）late
（2）lately
（3）last
（4）latest

8．It makes no［
］to me whether he will come or not．
（1）difference
（2）importance
（3）matter
（4）problem

9．Science has made rapid［ ］in this country．
（1）speed
（2）success
（3）increase
（4）progress

10．I caught［ ］of her in the crowd．
（1）watch
（2）sight
（3）vision
（4）image

11．In those days artists wanted，more than［
］else，to express personal emotions．
（1）something
（2）anything
（3）whichever
（4）someone

12．She knew［
］than to ask such a stupid question．
（1）sooner
（2）some more
（3）better
（4）further

13．］will be welcome．
（1）Whoever
（2）Whoever that comes
（3）Whoever that can
（4）Whoever comes

14．Strange as it［ ］love and hatred are closely related．
（1）is sounding
（2）has sounded
（3）may sound
（4）sounded

15．He［ ］us with everything we needed．
（1）gave
（2）asked
（3）provided
（4）showed

18．I could not［ ］the ink spot from my coat．
（1）drop
（2）lose
（3）remove
（4）disappear

17．He［ ］across the table and shook my hand．
（1）prolonged
（2）reached
（3）spread
（4）handed

18．The clock on the tower was［ ten．
（1）striking
（2）saying
（3）giving
（4）reading

19．Kyoto and Nara［ ］a large number of tourists every year．
（1）appeal
（2）attract
（3）appear
（4）include

20．This textbook is［ ］for beginners of English．
（1）aiming
（2）writing
（3）intended
（4）interested

21．After he graduated from medical school，he［ ］medicine．
（1）opened
（2）practiced
（3）operated
（4）performed

22．To［ ］matters worse，it began to rain．
（1）do
（2）make
（3）become
（4）get

23．My cousin Jack［
］in South America．
（1）is growing
（2）was grown up
（3）grew
（4）grew up

24．It is a pity that nobody was saved in the accident，［ ］it？
（1）does
（2）doesn＇t
（3）was
（4）isn＇t

25．She＇s alive！She［ ］but her father saved her．
（1）drowns
（2）has drowned
（3）was drowning
（4）drowned

II 次の問いの［ ］どのような単語を入れたら最もよく文意に合うか。ただし，その単語 はそれぞれの文の下に示された（1）～（4）のつづりの不完全な単語のいずれかである。なお，各語の

一つの下線（＿）は一つのアルファベット文字に相当する。
1．Do make every［ ］to be on time for appointments．
（1）s＿ep
（2）ch＿n＿e
（3）c＿re
（4）e＿f＿rt

2．A［ ］is a place for scientific experiments，especially in chemistry．
（1）h＿＿pi＿＿l
（2）fa＿t＿y
（3）la＿o＿a＿or＿
（4）c＿mp＿y

3．We had to reserve our rooms in the hotel two months in［
］．
（1）f＿o＿t
（2）ah＿d
（3）a＿va＿e e
（4）be＿or＿

4．The reason for the delay was not［
］by the leader．
（1）s＿id
（2）$s p \_k \_n$
（3）t＿＿ked
（4）$g_{-} v-$

5．I am very happy to have learned a［
］about this country．
（1）m＿ch
（2）pl＿nt＿
（3）l＿t
（4） $\mathrm{m} \_\mathrm{y}$

6．We can［ ］over to America within ten hours by jet．
（1）t＿ur
（2）＿ly
（3） $\mathrm{r} \_$＿ch
（4）t＿k

7．Japan is an island country［ ］by sea．
（1）su＿r＿＿n＿＿d
（2）c＿v＿r＿d
（3）cl＿s＿d
（4）t＿＿ch＿d

8．＂Nothing ventured，nothing gained．＂This proverb advises［
］action．
（1）b＿ld
（2）cr＿z＿
（3）c＿r＿l＿ss
（4）h＿n＿st

III 次の問いの文を，それぞれ＝印の右に示したように，ほぼ同じ意味の文に書き換えるには，
［ ］の中に（1）～（8）の語または語句のうちどれを入れたらよいか。 む印で示された ［ ］に入るものを，それぞれ一つずつ選べ。

1．His money was all stolen yesterday．

（1）has
（2）had
（3）was
（4）stolen
（5）all
（6）him
（7）his
（8）stole

2．They finished the work with ease．
$=$ It［ ］［ $\rightarrow$ ］［
］［ $\quad$ ］to finish the work．
（1）easy
（2）easily
（3）was
（4）to
（5）they
（6）them
（7）for
（8）with

3．I didn＇t go to the movies；I stayed home all day long instead．

movies.
(1) instead
(2) without
(3) but
(4) of
(5) for
(6) to
(7) going
(8) go
4. You should have started earlier.
$=I[$ ※
] [
] [
] [
] earlier.
(1) want
(2) hope
(3) wish
(4) you
(5) would
(6) have
(7) had
(8) started
5. I was very happy when I heard that you had completely recovered.
= I was very happy to hear [ $\quad$ is [ ] [ $]\left[\begin{array}{lll}\text { is }\end{array}\right]$.
(1) at
(2) of
(3) you
(4) your
(5) recovered
(6) recovery
(7) complete
(8) completely
6. I would rather take a taxi than walk in the rain.
= I [ $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { is }\end{array}\right]$
] [
] [ ] in the rain.
(1) want
(2) to
(3) take a taxi
(4) taking a taxi
(5) walk
(6) to walk
(7) walking
(8) prefer

