共通一次試験(センター試験) 1980 (昭和 55) 年度 追試験 文法系問題

I のき	次の問の[] うちから一つずつ選		吾または語句を,そ	れぞれ文の下に示した(1)~(4)
1.	It was so cold that (1) to	many animals were froz (2) for	en [] (death. (4) on
2.	The question will s	soon be [] di		
	(1) under	(2) among	(3) with	(4) during
3.	One more step, [] I would have fallen off the cliff.			•
	(1) so	(2) and	(3) therefore	(4) unless
4.	[] my	records were imported fr	om Germany.	
	(1) Almost	(2) Most	(3) Most all	(4) Almost all
5.	John is [] of your new car.		
	(1) anxious	(2) envious	(3) hoping	(4) wanting
6.	I don't have the [] idea of the result.			
	(1) biggest	(2) smallest	(3) faintest	(4) most
7.	It will be [] autumn when you get to London.		
	(1) late	(2) lately	(3) last	(4) latest
8.	It makes no [] to me whether he will come or not.			
	(1) difference	(2) importance	(3) matter	(4) problem
	Science has made	_		
	(1) speed	(2) success	(3) increase	(4) progress
10.	I caught [] of her in the crowd	d.	
	(1) watch	(2) sight	(3) vision	(4) image
11.	In those days artists wanted, more than [] else, to exp		to express personal emotions.	
	(1) something	(2) anything	(3) whichever	(4) someone
12.	She knew [] than to ask such	a stupid question.	
	(1) sooner	(2) some more	(3) better	(4) further
13.	[] wi	ll be welcome.		

	(1) Whoever (2)	Whoever that comes	(3) Whoever that can	(4) Whoever comes			
14.	4. Strange as it [] love and hatred are closely related.						
	(1) is sounding	(2) has sounded	(3) may sound	(4) sounded			
15.	5. He [] us with everything we needed.						
	(1) gave	(2) asked	(3) provided	(4) showed			
18.	I could not [] the ink spot from	my coat.				
	(1) drop	(2) lose	(3) remove	(4) disappear			
17.	17. He [] across the table and shook my hand.						
	(1) prolonged	(2) reached	(3) spread	(4) handed			
18.	18. The clock on the tower was [] ten.						
	(1) striking	(2) saying	(3) giving	(4) reading			
19.	19. Kyoto and Nara [] a large number of tourists every year.						
	(1) appeal	(2) attract	(3) appear	(4) include			
20.							
	(1) aiming	for beginners (2) writing	-	(4) interested			
21. After he graduated from medical school, he [] medicine.							
	(1) opened	(2) practiced		()			
22.	22. To [] matters worse, it began to rain.						
	(1) do	(2) make	(3) become	(4) get			
23	My cousin Jack [] in South Ame	erica				
- 0.	(1) is growing	(2) was grown up	(3) grew	(4) grew up			
24	It is a pity that nobody was saved in the accident, [] i			•			
21.	(1) does	(2) doesn't	(3) was	(4) isn't			
25	She's alive! She [
2 0.	(1) drowns	but her fathe (2) has drowned	(3) was drowning	(4) drowned			

II 次の問いの[]のどのような単語を入れたら最もよく文意に合うか。ただし、その単語はそれぞれの文の下に示された(1)~(4)のつづりの不完全な単語のいずれかである。なお、各語の

一つの下線(_)は一つの	アルファベット文学	学に相当する。				
1. Do make every [Do make every [] to be on time for appointments.					
(1) s_ep	(2) ch_n_e	(3) c_re	(4) e_f_rt			
2. A[] is:	a place for scientifi	ic experiments, especially in o	chemistry.			
(1) hpil	(2) fa_ty	(3) la_o_a_or_	(4) c_mpy			
3. We had to reserve o	ur rooms in the ho	tel two months in [].			
(1) f_o_t	(2) ahd	(3) a_vae	(4) be_or_			
4. The reason for the d	The reason for the delay was not [] by the leader.					
(1) s_id	(2) sp_k_n	(3) tked	(4) g_v			
5. I am very happy to	m very happy to have learned a [] about this cou		ry.			
(1) m_ch	(2) pl_nt_	(3) l_t	(4) m y			
6. We can [] over to America	a within ten hours by jet.				
(1) t_ur	(2) _ly	(3) r_ch	(4) t_k			
7. Japan is an island o	ountry [] by sea.				
(1) su_rnd	(2) c_v_r_d	(3) cl_s_d	(4) tch_d			
8. "Nothing ventured,	nothing gained." T	This proverb advises [] action.			
(1) b_ld	(2) cr_z_	(3) c_r_l_ss	(4) h_n_st			
		示したように,ほぼ同じ意味の				
		句のうちどれを入れたらよい。	か。☆印で示された			
し、一」に入るものを	と,それぞれ一つず	つ選へ。				
1. His money was all s	•					
= He [☆] [] money [🌣	•			
(1) has	(2) had	(3) was (4) stoler	n (5) all			
(6) him	(7) his	(8) stole				
2. They finished the w						
= It [] [☆][nish the work.			
(1) easy	(2) easily	(3) was (4) to	(5) they			
(6) them	(7) for	(8) with				
3. I didn't go to the mo	ovies; I stayed hom	e all day long instead.				
= I stayed home all day long [\Rightarrow] [\Rightarrow] [] the						

movies.					
(1) instead	(2) without	(3) but	(4) of	(5) for	
(6) to	(7) going	(8) go			
4. You should have	started earlier.				
= I [[][☆][] earlier.		
(1) want	(2) hope	(3) wish	(4) you	(5) would	
(6) have	(7) had	(8) started			
5. I was very happy	when I heard that	you had completely	recovered.		
= I was very happy	y to hear [🏻 🛱][][] [☆ ☆].
(1) at	(2) of	(3) you	(4) your		
(5) recovered	(6) recovery	(7) complete	(8) completely	y	
6. I would rather to	ake a taxi than walk	in the rain.			
= I [[][][☆] in the rai	n.	
(1) want	(2) to	(3) take a taxi	(4) taking a t	axi	
(5) walk	(6) to walk	(7) walking	(8) prefer		

movies.