共通一次試験(センター試験) 1979(昭和 54)年度 本試験 文法系問題

I 次の問の[]に入れるのに最も適当な語または語句を,それぞれ文の下に示した(1)~(4) のうちから一つずつ選べ。

 His ideas were far addition 	in [] of (2) advantage				
 My father never ga (1) many advice 	ave me [(2) much advice]. (3) many advices	s (4) a lot of advices		
 The thief ran away (1) screen 	v at the [(2) scenery] of a policeman. (3) sight	(4) seeing		
4. It is no [(1) use] arguing about it, (2) help	because he will no (3) time	ever change his mind. (4) while		
-] of a musician. (2) anyone	(3) somebody	(4) something		
6. [] par (1) Both of his	rents are coming to ' (2) His both		(4) The both of his		
 Would you read my (1) ever 	letter and correct th (2) any	ne mistakes, if [(3) not]? (4) never		
8. We got up at four in (1) early	the morning. We have (2) late	ad to make a very (3) slow	[] start. (4) soon		
9. I stood under a tree to [] getting wet.					
(1) keep	(2) hold	(3) avoid	(4) suffer		
10. Can you [] a duck from a	-			
(1) call	(2) choose	(3) say	(4) tell		
11. Such conduct does (1) begin	not [] a (2) become	a gentleman. (3) belong	(4) behave		
12. [] sur (1) Get	e you have reserved (2) Do	a room at the hote (3) Make	el. (4) Take		
			(1) 14110		
19 Such a quatom ia r	ot nogulian	l the Dritich			

13. Such a custom is not peculiar [] the British.

(1) on	(2) in	(3) of	(4) to			
14. She agreed [] him about the holiday plan.						
(1) by	(2) on	(3) over	(4) with			
15. I accept what you (1) at	say [] so (2) for	ome extent. (3) till	(4) to			
16. Professor Brown (1) on	was absent and we ha (2) off	ad the afternoon [(3) out]. (4) about			
17. If I had had to do it, I [] it at that time.(1) would have done (2) will do(3) will have done(4) would do						
18. The English of the(1) have to write	is composition is too g (2) have written	-] it herself. (4) be written			
19. You had better [(1) had] your hai (2) have	r cut. (3) to get	(4) to have			
20. "Shall we order an (1) By all means	nother bottle of beer? (2) By the way					
Ⅱ 次の問において,下線を引いた単語と入れ替えても文の意味がほとんど変わらない単語を,そ れぞれの文の下に示した(1)~(4)のうちから一つずつ選べ。						
1. The car drove off at <u>full</u> speed.						
(1) top	(2) head	(3) whole	(4) every			
2. The doctor visited her every second day.(1) two(2) another(3) each(4) other						
3. She is rather <u>bad</u> a (1) short	t tennis. (2) low	(3) small	(4) poor			
4. They <u>lived</u> a happy (1) sent	y life on their farm. (2) did	(3) led	(4) lent			
5. They found it diffic (1) receive	cult to <u>make</u> a living. (2) earn	(3) do	(4) form			

6. Three days is very (1) look	little time to <u>do</u> all th (2) meet	ne sights of Londo (3) see	n. (4) stare		
7. He wanted to succe (1) danger	eed even at the <u>cost</u> o (2) service	f his health. (3) expense	(4) mercy		
8. He lived abroad for (1) some	r <u>a</u> time. (2) any	(3) much	(4) many		
9. I had scarcely said a word when he entered the room. (1) after(2) before(3) then(4) while					
10. Do you have any money about you ?(1) with(2) to(3) in(4) over					

Ⅲ 次の問いの[]のどのような単語を入れたら最もよく文意に合うか。ただし、その単語 はそれぞれの文の下に示された(1)~(4)のつづりの不完全な単語のいずれかである。なお、各語の 一つの下線(_)は一つのアルファベット文字に相当する。

1. The boat was eight (1) we	een feet long and five (2) rnd]. (4) f_s_	
2. She is very [(1) h_nt] and does no (2) l_z_	t do her homewor (3) e_rn_s_		
3. He can speak Engli (1) flny	sh [] we (2) l_v_l_		(4) prt_	
4. The telephone was (1) fnd	[] in 187 (2) dive_			
5. Thirty-six [(1) bk_n] by eighteen is (2) d_v_e_		(4) drn	
6. Please [(1) r_f_s_] me to all your fam (2) r_gt		(4) r_md	
7. The people who listen to a singer or band are called the [].(1) aie(2) p_rt_(3) c_o_d(4) cr				

8. He bought two [] pencils. This means that he bought twentyfour pencils.

(1) $d_bl_$ (2) $d_e_$ (3) $s_r_$ (4) t_n

- 9. A man is known by the [] he keeps. (1) ch_r_t_r (2) c_n_ct_n (3) c_ _t_y (4) c_ _p_y
- 10. A friend in [] is a friend indeed. (1) n_d (2) n_m_ (3) n_g_t (4) n_b_r

Ⅳ 次の問いにおいて、()内の五つの語または語句を並べかえて文を組み立てると、その 上にある文とほぼ同じ意味の文になる。その場合の正しい組み合わせを、それぞれ(1)~(5)のうち から一つずつ選べ。なお、文頭におくべき語も小文字にしてある。

1. He missed the last train by a minute.

= The last train had (l. he 2. the station 3. a minute before 4. arrived 5. left). (1) 6-2-1-4-3 (2) 6-2-3-1-4 (3) 4-3-1-5-2 (4) 4-2-1-6-3 (5) 4-2-3-1-5

2. I had no difficulty in finding his new house.

= (1. quite easy 2. for me 3. was 4. to find 5. it) his new house. (1) 5-3-1-2-4 (2) 4-5-3-1-2 (3) 2-4-5-3-1 (4) 5-3-1-4-2 (5) 1-2-3-4-5

3. I will advise him to see the doctor.

= (l. that 2. will suggest 3. should see 4. he 5. I) the doctor. (1) 4-3-1-2-5 (2) 1-4-3-5-2 (3) 5-2-4-1-3 (3) 5-2-1-4-3 (5) 4-3-1-5-2

4. A closer examination will reveal that these two cultures are related to each other.= (1. examine these two cultures 2. you 3. you will 4. more closely 5. if) find that they are related to each other.

 $(1) 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \qquad (2) 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \qquad (3) 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \qquad (4) 3 \cdot 1 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \qquad (5) 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$

5. His illness was so serious that he had to resign from his post.

= (1. such bad health 2. to be compelled 3. in 4. he was 5. as) to resign from his post.

(1) 4-2-3-1-5 (2) 4-1-5-2-3 (3) 3-1-5-2-4 (4) 3-1-4-2-5 (5) 4-3-1-5-2